Amendment dated November 29, 2006 to Office Action of September 12, 2006 Docket No.: 0925-0207P

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

(Original) A projection-type display apparatus comprising:

a light source;

a liquid crystal light valve for modulating light emitted from the light source by turning a light polarization plane of the light;

a projection lens for projecting the light modulated by the liquid crystal light valve onto a projection surface; and

a pivotable light polarizer arranged between the light source and the liquid crystal light valve.

- 2. (Original) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1, further comprising a polarization-conversion element arranged between the light source and the light polarizer, for emitting light after orientating the polarization plane of the light emitted from the light source into a single direction.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 2, further comprising:

a first lens array including a plurality of lenses, arranged between the light source and the polarization-conversion element, for splitting light emitted from the light source into a plurality of partial beams; and

comprising:

a second lens array including a plurality of lenses, arranged between the first lens and the polarization-conversion element, for approximately condensing onto the polarization-conversion

element for the plurality of partial beams split by the first lens array.

4. (Currently Amended) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 2, further

a columnar light guide, arranged between the light source and the polarization-conversion element, having an incident end for receiving light emitted from the light source, and an emitting end for emitting the light as a planar light source; and

a lens system, arranged between the light guide and the polarization-conversion element, for approximately condensing onto the polarization-conversion element light emitted from the emitting end of the light guide.

5. (Original) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 2,

wherein the light polarizer is arranged in the vicinity of the polarization-conversion element.

6. (Original) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1, further comprising:

a color separator arranged between the light source and the liquid crystal light valve, for trichromatically separating light from the light source into red, green and blue light; and a color composition unit arranged between the liquid crystal light valve and the

projection lens, for composing the three colors of light modulated by the liquid crystal light

valve;

wherein the light polarizer is arranged between the color separator and the liquid crystal

light valve in a light path of at least one of the three colors of light emitted from the color

separator.

7. (Original) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1,

wherein the light polarizer is a grid polarizer comprising a base material made of a

dielectric in parallel-plate form, and a plurality of thin linear elements arranged on the surface of

the base material at a predetermined spacing from each other.

8. (Original) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1, further

comprising:

a polarizer driving unit for driving the light polarizer;

an average-value detector for detecting from an input image signal, and outputting to the

polarizer driving unit, average luminance value in a frame;

a peak-luminance detector for detecting from said input image signal, and outputting to

the polarizer driving unit, peak luminance value in said frame;

a liquid crystal driving unit for driving the liquid crystal light valve; and

4

DRA/AMI/jen

a determination unit for determining from said average and said peak luminance values

frame-by-frame whether to alter luminance value, and outputting the determination results to the

liquid crystal driving unit;

wherein the polarizer driving unit determines pivotal angle for and drives the light

polarized based on said average and said peak luminance values, and the liquid crystal driving

unit drives the liquid crystal light valve based on said determination results.

9. (New) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1,

the light source comprising a light source unit,

wherein the light source unit includes a lamp and a concave mirror,

wherein the lamp is a halogen lamp, a xenon lamp, a metal halide lamp, or a ultra-high pressure

mercury lamp,

wherein the concave mirror or a ellipsoidal mirror.

10. (New) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 4, the light guide is

columnar.

11. (New) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 4, the light guide is

rectangular.

12. (New) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1 further comprising,

5

DRA/AMI/jen

Docket No.: 0925-0207P

valve, for trichromatically separating light from the light source into red, green and blue light;

a color separator arranged between the light source and the liquid crystal display light

and

wherein the pivotable polarizer is provided between the light source and the color

separator.

13. (New) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 6,

wherein the light source is a mercury-lighting based lamp, and

wherein the pivotable polarizer is arranged in a light path of the green light.

14. (New) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1,

wherein the pivotable light polarizer is a transmission-type polarizer or a deflection

polarizer.

15. (New) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1 further comprising

a drive control unit for pivoting the pivotable polarizer with respect to the light axis,

wherein the pivotable polarizer adjusts the intensity of S-polarization component or the

intensity of P-polarization component according to the pivotal angle.

16. (New) A projection-type display apparatus as recited in claim 1,

wherein the pivotal angle is zero when the intensity is maximum, and

DRA/AMI/jen

6

Docket No.: 0925-0207P

wherein the pivotable polarizer has a characteristic such that the intensity decrease in proportion to $\cos\theta$, where θ is the pivotal angle.